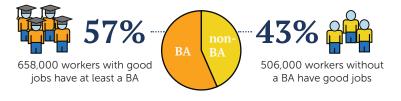
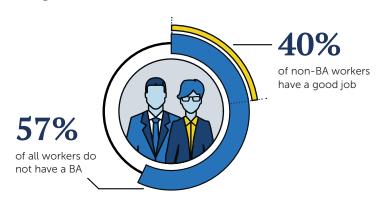
Colorado

Who has the good jobs? BA vs. non-BA

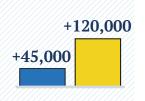


How big is the non-BA workforce?

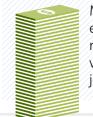


Change in number of non-BA good jobs 1991-2015

Between 1991 and 2015 Colorado gained **45,000 blue-collar** non-BA good jobs, and **120,000 skilled-services** good jobs for workers without BAs.

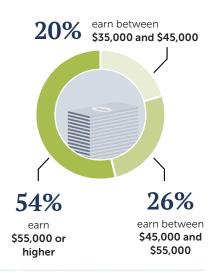


\$57,000

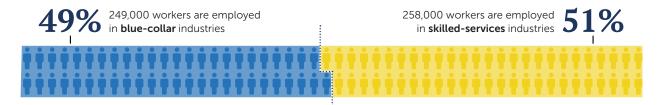


Median earnings of non-BA workers with good jobs in 2015

Earnings distribution of non-BA good jobs



Non-BA good jobs in blue-collar vs. skilled-services industries



Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of Bureau of the Census, *American Community Survey* microdata 2013-2015, US Census Bureau and Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Current Population Survey (CPS)* March Supplement data, 1992-2016. Note: Figures in charts and tables may not sum due to rounding.

Educational attainment	Number of workers	Workers with good jobs	Median earnings	Median earnings of workers with good jobs
Non-BA Workers				,
Less than high school	147,000	32,000	\$24,000	\$50,000
High school graduate	427,000	156,000	\$31,000	\$55,000
Some college	487,000	217,000	\$35,000	\$59,000
Associate's degree	206,000	101,000	\$39,000	\$60,000
All non-BA workers	1,267,000	506,000	\$32,000	\$57,000
BA+ Workers				
Bachelor's or higher	950,000	658,000	\$55,000	\$74,000
All workers	2,217,000	1,164,000	\$40,000	\$65,000

NON-BA GOOD JOBS

Top five industries							
Industry	Number of non- BA good jobs	Share of non-BA good jobs	Share of non-BA workers with good jobs	Median earnings			
Construction	68,000	13%	48%	\$55,000			
Information, financial activities, and real estate	61,000	12%	54%	\$58,000			
Retail trade	47,000	9%	28%	\$54,000			
Manufacturing	47,000	9%	47%	\$60,000			
Health services	46,000	9%	33%	\$52,000			

Top five occupations				
Occupation	Number of non- BA good jobs	Share of non-BA good jobs	Share of non-BA workers with good jobs	Median earnings
Management	76,000	15%	66%	\$66,000
Office and administrative support	63,000	13%	31%	\$51,000
Construction and extraction	58,000	12%	48%	\$54,000
Sales and related	52,000	10%	39%	\$60,000
Installation, maintenance, and repair	36,000	7%	60%	\$58,000

Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of Bureau of the Census, *American Community Survey* microdata 2013-2015.

Note: Figures in charts and tables may not sum due to rounding.