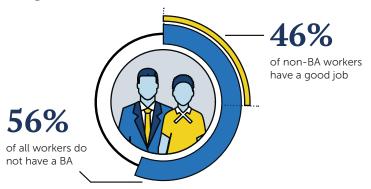
# Maryland

# Who has the good jobs? BA vs. non-BA

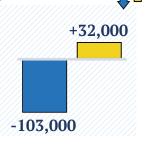


#### How big is the non-BA workforce?



### Change in number of non-BA good jobs 1991-2015

Between 1991 and 2015 Maryland lost **103,000 blue-collar** non-BA good jobs, but gained **32,000 skilled-services** good jobs for workers without BAs.



## \$60,000



Median earnings of non-BA workers with good jobs in 2015

## Earnings distribution of non-BA good jobs



#### Non-BA good jobs in blue-collar vs. skilled-services industries



Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of Bureau of the Census, *American Community Survey* microdata 2013-2015, US Census Bureau and Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Current Population Survey (CPS)* March Supplement data, 1992-2016. Note: Figures in charts and tables may not sum due to rounding.

	Number of	Workers with	Median	Median earnings of	
Educational attainment	workers	good jobs	earnings	workers with good jobs	
Non-BA Workers					
Less than high school	159,000	38,000	\$25,000	\$52,000	
High school graduate	566,000	234,000	\$34,000	\$57,000	
Some college	496,000	266,000	\$41,000	\$62,000	
Associate's degree	182,000	104,000	\$44,000	\$65,000	
All non-BA workers	1,402,000	641,000	\$36,000	\$60,000	
BA+ Workers					
Bachelor's or higher	1,107,000	865,000	\$70,000	\$83,000	
All workers	2,509,000	1.506.000	\$48.000	\$71.000	

### NON-BA GOOD JOBS

Top five industries							
Industry	Number of non- BA good jobs	Share of non-BA good jobs	Share of non-BA workers with good jobs	Median earnings			
Public administration	98,000	15%	76%	\$71,000			
Construction	75,000	12%	51%	\$58,000			
Health services	72,000	11%	37%	\$54,000			
Information, financial activities, and real estate	61,000	10%	59%	\$62,000			
Professional and management services	58,000	9%	70%	\$70,000			

Top five occupations				
Occupation	Number of non- BA good jobs	Share of non-BA good jobs	Share of non-BA workers with good jobs	Median earnings
Office and administrative support	106,000	17%	44%	\$55,000
Management	86,000	13%	76%	\$73,000
Construction and extraction	53,000	8%	47%	\$55,000
Sales and related	52,000	8%	40%	\$58,000
Installation, maintenance, and repair	44,000	7%	64%	\$60,000

Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of Bureau of the Census, *American Community Survey* microdata 2013-2015.

Note: Figures in charts and tables may not sum due to rounding.