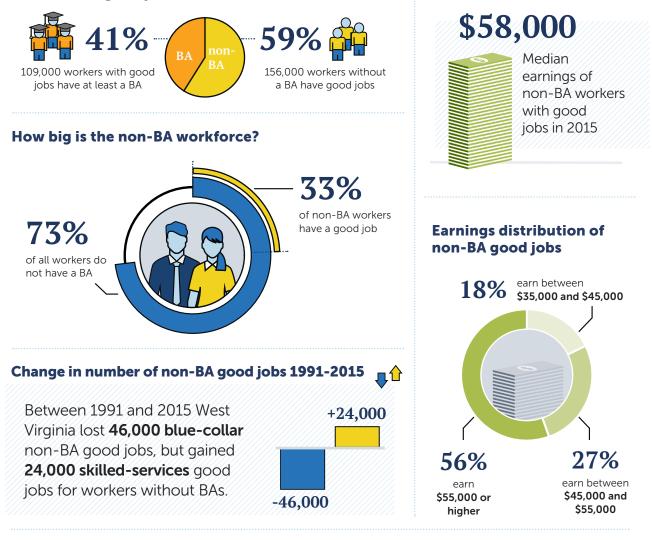
West Virginia

Who has the good jobs? BA vs. non-BA



Non-BA good jobs in blue-collar vs. skilled-services industries



Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of Bureau of the Census, *American Community Survey* microdata 2013-2015, US Census Bureau and Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Current Population Survey (CPS)* March Supplement data, 1992-2016. Note: Figures in charts and tables may not sum due to rounding.

	Number of	Workers with	Median	Median earnings of
Educational attainment	workers	good jobs	earnings	workers with good jobs
Non-BA Workers				
Less than high school	38,000	7,000	\$21,000	\$56,000
High school graduate	241,000	77,000	\$28,000	\$58,000
Some college	133,000	46,000	\$30,000	\$60,000
Associate's degree	56,000	25,000	\$35,000	\$56,000
All non-BA workers	469,000	156,000	\$29,000	\$58,000
BA+ Workers				
Bachelor's or higher	170,000	109,000	\$47,000	\$62,000
All workers	638,000	265,000	\$33,000	\$60,000

NON-BA GOOD JOBS

Top five industries							
Industry	Number of non- BA good jobs	Share of non-BA good jobs	Share of non-BA workers with good jobs	Median earnings			
Natural resources	22,000	14%	69%	\$70,000			
Manufacturing	21,000	14%	48%	\$58,000			
Transportation and utilities	18,000	12%	55%	\$62,000			
Construction	17,000	11%	44%	\$61,000			
Health services	17,000	11%	23%	\$52,000			

Top five occupations

Occupation	Number of non- BA good jobs	Share of non-BA good jobs	Share of non-BA workers with good jobs	Median earnings
Construction and extraction	28,000	18%	55%	\$66,000
Production	17,000	11%	44%	\$60,000
Transportation and material moving	16,000	10%	35%	\$59,000
Management	14,000	9%	55%	\$65,000
Office and administrative support	14,000	9%	20%	\$51,000

Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey microdata 2013-2015.

Note: Figures in charts and tables may not sum due to rounding.