Wisconsin

554,000 workers with good jobs have at least a BA

591,000 workers without a BA have good jobs

How big is the non-BA workforce?

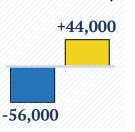


Change in number of non-BA good jobs 1991-2015

Between 1991 and 2015

+44 000

Wisconsin lost **56,000 blue-collar** non-BA good jobs, but gained **44,000 skilled-services** good jobs for workers without BAs.



\$54,000

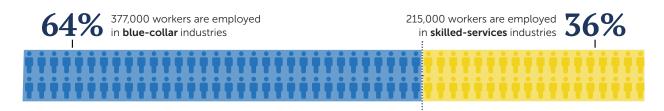


Median earnings of non-BA workers with good jobs in 2015

Earnings distribution of non-BA good jobs



Non-BA good jobs in blue-collar vs. skilled-services industries



Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of Bureau of the Census, *American Community Survey* microdata 2013-2015, US Census Bureau and Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Current Population Survey (CPS)* March Supplement data, 1992-2016. Note: Figures in charts and tables may not sum due to rounding.

	Number of	Workers with	Median	Median earnings of
Educational attainment	workers	good jobs	earnings	workers with good jobs
Non-BA Workers				
Less than high school	116,000	22,000	\$22,000	\$51,000
High school graduate	647,000	217,000	\$31,000	\$52,000
Some college	514,000	199,000	\$32,000	\$56,000
Associate's degree	305,000	154,000	\$40,000	\$56,000
All non-BA workers	1,582,000	591,000	\$32,000	\$54,000
BA+ Workers				
Bachelor's or higher	799,000	554,000	\$53,000	\$67,000
All workers	2,380,000	1,145,000	\$38,000	\$60,000

NON-BA GOOD JOBS

Top five industries							
Industry	Number of non- BA good jobs	Share of non-BA good jobs	Share of non-BA workers with good jobs	Median earnings			
Manufacturing	187,000	32%	49%	\$55,000			
Construction	64,000	11%	55%	\$59,000			
Health services	61,000	10%	27%	\$52,000			
Transportation and utilities	49,000	8%	56%	\$58,000			
Information, financial activities, and real estate	47,000	8%	46%	\$54,000			

Top five occupations							
Occupation	Number of non- BA good jobs	Share of non-BA good jobs	Share of non-BA workers with good jobs	Median earnings			
Production	102,000	17%	42%	\$52,000			
Management	68,000	12%	63%	\$67,000			
Office and administrative support	67,000	11%	26%	\$50,000			
Construction and extraction	55,000	9%	56%	\$58,000			
Transportation and material moving	52,000	9%	34%	\$52,000			

Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of Bureau of the Census, *American Community Survey* microdata 2013-2015.

Note: Figures in charts and tables may not sum due to rounding.